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SAFETY DATA SHEET

TB300 Synthetic Topcoat Binder High Gloss



SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/ undertaking

- **1.1 Product identifier**
- Product name
- : TB300 Synthetic Topcoat Binder High Gloss

Product type

: Liquid.

1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Identified uses
Use in coatings - Topcoat

1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Valspar b.v. Zuiveringweg 89 8243 PE Lelystad The Netherlands tel: +31 (0)320 292200 fax: +31 (0)320 292201

e-mail address of person : msds@valspar.com responsible for this SDS

National contact

GPS Automotive Lelystad tel: +31 (0)320 292288 fax: +31 (0)320 292201

1.4 Emergency telephone number

National advisory body/Poison Centre

Telephone number	: Angola +1 703-741-5970 Azerbaijan +1 703-741-5970 Cambodia +1 703-741-5970 Côte d'Ivoire +1 703-741-5970 Ethiopia +1 703-741-5970 French Polynesia +1 703-741-5970 Georgia +1 703-741-5970 India 000-800-100-7141 Kazakhstan +1 703-741-5970 Kenya +1 703-741-5970 Madagascar +1 703-741-5970 Mozambique +1 703-741-5970 Nigeria +1 703-741-5970 Nigeria +1 703-741-5970 Philippines +(63) 2-395-3308 / 1-800-1-116-1020 Sierra Leone +1 703-741-5970 South Africa 0-800-983-611 Tanzania +1 703-741-5970 Thailand 001-800-13-203-9987 Uganda +1 703-741-5970 Vietnam +(84)-444581938
<u>Supplier</u>	

Telephone number

: Call: +31 (0)320 292200 (during daytime)

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SECTION 2: Hazards identification

2.1 Classification of the sub	ostance or mixture
Product definition	: Mixture
Classification according to	D Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP/GHS]
Flam. Liq. 3, H226 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Irrit. 2, H319 STOT SE 3, H336 STOT RE 1, H372 Aquatic Chronic 2, H411	
The product is classified as	hazardous according to Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 as amended.
Classification according to	Directive 1999/45/EC [DPD]
The product is classified as	a dangerous according to Directive 1999/45/EC and its amendments.
Classification	: R10 Xn; R20/21, R48/20 R66 N; R51/53
Physical/chemical hazards	: Flammable.
Human health hazards	 Harmful by inhalation and in contact with skin. Harmful: danger of serious damage to health by prolonged exposure through inhalation. Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.
Environmental hazards	 Toxic to aquatic organisms, may cause long-term adverse effects in the aquatic environment.

See Section 16 for the full text of the R phrases or H statements declared above.

See Section 11 for more detailed information on health effects and symptoms.

2.2 Label elements Hazard pictograms	
Signal word	: Danger
Hazard statements	 Flammable liquid and vapour. Causes serious eye irritation. Causes skin irritation. May cause drowsiness or dizziness. Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
Precautionary statements	
Prevention	: Wear protective gloves. Wear eye or face protection. Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Use explosion-proof electrical, ventilating, lighting and all material-handling equipment. Avoid release to the environment. Do not breathe vapour or spray.
Response	: IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water or shower.
Storage	: Keep cool.
Disposal	: Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.
Hazardous ingredients	: Naphtha (petroleum), hydrodesulfurized heavy; Low boiling point hydrogen treated naphtha; [A complex combination of hydrocarbons obtained from a catalytic hydrodesulfurization process. It consists of hydrocarbons having carbon numbers predominantly in the range of C7 through C12 and boiling in the range of approximately 90°C to 230°C (194°F to 446°F).]

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

Supplemental label elements	: Contains 2-butanone oxime. May produce an allergic reaction.
Annex XVII - Restrictions on the manufacture, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances, mixtures and articles	: Not applicable.
Special packaging requiren	nents
Containers to be fitted with child-resistant fastenings	: Not applicable.
Tactile warning of danger	: Not applicable.
2.3 Other hazards	
Other hazards which do	: None known.

not result in classification

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

			<u>Class</u>	<u>ification</u>	
Product/ingredient name	Identifiers	w%	67/548/EEC	Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP]	Туре
Naphtha (petroleum), hydrodesulfurized heavy	REACH #: 01-2119458049-33 EC: 265-185-4 CAS: 64742-82-1 Index: 649-330-00-2	≥25 - <50	R10 Xn; R48/20, R65 R66, R67 N; R51/53	Flam. Liq. 3, H226 STOT SE 3, H336 STOT RE 1, H372 (inhalation) Asp. Tox. 1, H304 Aquatic Chronic 2, H411 EUH066	[1] [2]
xylene	REACH #: 01-2119488216-32 EC: 215-535-7 CAS: 1330-20-7 Index: 601-022-00-9	≥10 - <18	R10 Xn; R20/21 Xi; R38	Flam. Liq. 3, H226 Acute Tox. 4, H312 Acute Tox. 4, H332 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Irrit. 2, H319 STOT SE 3, H335 STOT RE 2, H373 Asp. Tox. 1, H304	[1] [2]
ethylbenzene	REACH #: 01-2119489370-35 EC: 202-849-4 CAS: 100-41-4 Index: 601-023-00-4	≥3 - <5	F; R11 Xn; R20, R48/20, R65	Flam. Liq. 2, H225 Acute Tox. 4, H332 STOT RE 2, H373 (hearing organs) Asp. Tox. 1, H304 Aquatic Chronic 3, H412	[1] [2]
1-methoxy-2-propanol	REACH #: 01-2119457435-35 EC: 203-539-1 CAS: 107-98-2 Index: 603-064-00-3	≥3 - <5	R10 R67	Flam. Liq. 3, H226 STOT SE 3, H336	[1] [2]
1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	REACH #: 01-2119472135-42 EC: 202-436-9 CAS: 95-63-6 Index: 601-043-00-3	≥1.2 - <1.9	R10 Xn; R20 Xi; R36/37/38 N; R51/53	Flam. Liq. 3, H226 Acute Tox. 4, H332 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Irrit. 2, H319 STOT SE 3, H335	[1] [2]

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SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

2-butanone oxime	EC: 202-496-6 CAS: 96-29-7 Index: 616-014-00-0	≥0.3 - <1	Carc. Cat. 3; R40 Xn; R21 Xi; R41 R43	Aquatic Chronic 2, H411 Acute Tox. 4, H312 Eye Dam. 1, H318 Skin Sens. 1, H317 Carc. 2, H351	[1]
			See Section 16 for the full text of the R-phrases declared above.	See Section 16 for the full text of the H statements declared above.	

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment, are PBTs, vPvBs or Substances of equivalent concern, or have been assigned a workplace exposure limit and hence require reporting in this section.

Type

[1] Substance classified with a health or environmental hazard

[2] Substance with a workplace exposure limit

[3] Substance meets the criteria for PBT according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006, Annex XIII

[4] Substance meets the criteria for vPvB according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006, Annex XIII

[5] Substance of equivalent concern

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

SECTION 4: First aid measures

4 1 Description of first aid measures

General	:	In all cases of doubt, or when symptoms persist, seek medical attention. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and seek medical advice.
Eye contact	1	Remove contact lenses, irrigate copiously with clean, fresh water, holding the eyelids apart for at least 10 minutes and seek immediate medical advice.
Inhalation	:	Remove to fresh air. Keep person warm and at rest. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel.
Skin contact	:	Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognised skin cleanser. Do NOT use solvents or thinners.
Ingestion	:	If swallowed, seek medical advice immediately and show the container or label. Keep person warm and at rest. Do NOT induce vomiting.
Protection of first-aiders	:	No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation.

4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

There are no data available on the mixture itself. The mixture has been assessed following the conventional method of the CLP Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 and is classified for toxicological properties accordingly. See Sections 2 and 3 for details.

Exposure to component solvent vapour concentrations in excess of the stated occupational exposure limit may result in adverse health effects such as mucous membrane and respiratory system irritation and adverse effects on the kidneys, liver and central nervous system. Symptoms and signs include headache, dizziness, fatigue, muscular weakness, drowsiness and, in extreme cases, loss of consciousness.

Solvents may cause some of the above effects by absorption through the skin. Repeated or prolonged contact with the mixture may cause removal of natural fat from the skin, resulting in non-allergic contact dermatitis and absorption through the skin.

If splashed in the eyes, the liquid may cause irritation and reversible damage.

Ingestion may cause nausea, diarrhea and vomiting.

This takes into account, where known, delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects of components from short-term and long-term exposure by oral, inhalation and dermal routes of exposure and eye contact.

SECTION 4: First aid measures

Contains 2-butanone oxime. May produce an allergic reaction.

4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Notes to physician	 Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large quantities have been ingested or inhaled.
Specific treatments	: No specific treatment.

See toxicological information (Section 11)

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

5.1 Extinguishing media	
Suitable extinguishing media	: Recommended: alcohol-resistant foam, CO ₂ , powders, water spray.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	: Do not use water jet.

5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Hazards from the substance or mixture	:	Fire will produce dense black smoke. Exposure to decomposition products may cause a health hazard.
Hazardous thermal decomposition products	:	Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide, smoke, oxides of nitrogen.
5.3 Advice for firefighters		

Special protective actions for fire-fighters	Cool closed containers exposed to fire with water. Do not release runof Irains or watercourses.	f from fire to
Special protective equipment for fire-fighters	Appropriate breathing apparatus may be required.	

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1 Personal precautions, pro	ote	ctive equipment and emergency procedures
For non-emergency personnel	1	Exclude sources of ignition and ventilate the area. Avoid breathing vapour or mist. Refer to protective measures listed in sections 7 and 8.
For emergency responders	:	If specialised clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".
6.2 Environmental precautions	:	Do not allow to enter drains or watercourses. If the product contaminates lakes, rivers, or sewers, inform the appropriate authorities in accordance with local regulations.
6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning up	:	Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Preferably clean with a detergent. Avoid using solvents.
6.4 Reference to other sections	:	See Section 1 for emergency contact information. See Section 8 for information on appropriate personal protective equipment. See Section 13 for additional waste treatment information.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. The list of Identified Uses in Section 1 should be consulted for any available use-specific information provided in the Exposure Scenario(s).

7.1 Precautions for safe handling	 Prevent the creation of flammable or explosive concentrations of vapours in air and avoid vapour concentrations higher than the occupational exposure limits. In addition, the product should only be used in areas from which all naked lights and other sources of ignition have been excluded. Electrical equipment should be protected to the appropriate standard. Mixture may charge electrostatically: always use earthing leads when transferring from one container to another. Operators should wear antistatic footwear and clothing and floors should be of the conducting type. Keep away from heat, sparks and flame. No sparking tools should be used. Avoid contact with skin and eyes. Avoid the inhalation of dust, particulates, spray or mist arising from the application of this mixture. Avoid inhalation of dust from sanding. Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Never use pressure to empty. Container is not a pressure vessel. Always keep in containers made from the same material as the original one. Comply with the health and safety at work laws. Do not allow to enter drains or watercourses. Information on fire and explosion protection Vapours are heavier than air and may spread along floors. Vapours may form explosive mixtures with air.
	When operators, whether spraying or not, have to work inside the spray booth, ventilation is unlikely to be sufficient to control particulates and solvent vapour in all cases. In such circumstances they should wear a compressed air-fed respirator during the spraying process and until such time as the particulates and solvent vapour concentration has fallen below the exposure limits.

7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store in accordance with local regulations.

Notes on joint storage

Keep away from: oxidising agents, strong alkalis, strong acids.

Additional information on storage conditions

Observe label precautions. Store in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area. Keep away from heat and direct sunlight. Keep away from sources of ignition. No smoking. Prevent unauthorised access. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage.

7.3 Specific end use(s)

: Not available.

Recommendations Industrial sector specific solutions

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

: Not available.

The list of Identified Uses in Section 1 should be consulted for any available use-specific information provided in the Exposure Scenario(s).

8.1 Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

Product/ingredient name	Exposure limit values
Naphtha (petroleum), hydrodesulfurized heavy	EU OEL (Europe, 2003).
	TWA: 575 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
	TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours.
xylene	EU OEL (Europe, 12/2009). Absorbed through skin. Notes: list
	of indicative occupational exposure limit values
	STEL: 442 mg/m ³ , 0 times per shift, 15 minutes.
	STEL: 100 ppm, 0 times per shift, 15 minutes.
	TWA: 221 mg/m ³ , 0 times per shift, 8 hours.
	TWA: 50 ppm, 0 times per shift, 8 hours.
ethylbenzene	EU OEL (Europe, 12/2009). Absorbed through skin. Notes: list
	of indicative occupational exposure limit values
	STEL: 884 mg/m ³ 15 minutes.
	STEL: 200 ppm 15 minutes.
	TWA: 442 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
	TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours.
1-methoxy-2-propanol	80/1107/EEC (Europe).
	CEIL: 360 mg/m ³
	CEIL: 100 ppm
	EU OEL (Europe, 12/2009). Absorbed through skin. Notes: list
	of indicative occupational exposure limit values
	STEL: 568 mg/m ³ 15 minutes.
	STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes.
	TWA: 375 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
	TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours.
1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	80/1107/EEC (Europe).
	CEIL: 20 ppm
	CEIL: 100 mg/m ³
	EU OEL (Europe, 12/2009). Notes: list of indicative
	occupational exposure limit values
	TWA: 100 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
	TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours.

procedures atmosphere or biological monitoring may be required to determine the effectiveness of the ventilation or other control measures and/or the necessity to use respiratory protective equipment. Reference should be made to monitoring standards, such as the following: European Standard EN 689 (Workplace atmospheres - Guidance for the assessment of exposure by inhalation to chemical agents for comparison with limit values and measurement strategy) European Standard EN 14042 (Workplace atmospheres - Guide for the application and use of procedures for the assessment of exposure to chemical and biological agents) European Standard EN 482 (Workplace atmospheres - General requirements for the performance of procedures for the measurement of chemical agents) Reference to national guidance documents for methods for the determination of hazardous substances will also be required.

DNELs/DMELs

Product/ingredient name	Туре	Exposure	Value	Population	Effects
Naphtha (petroleum), hydrodesulfurized heavy	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	330 mg/m ³	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	44 mg/kg bw/day	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	71 mg/m³	Consumers	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	26 mg/kg bw/day	Consumers	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Oral	26 mg/kg bw/day	Consumers	Systemic
xylene	DNEL	Short term	289 mg/m ³	Workers	Local
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SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection						
		Inhalation				
	DNEL	Short term	289 mg/m ³	Workers	Systemic	
		Inhalation	5		- ,	
	DNEL	Long term	221 mg/m ³	Workers	Systemic	
		Inhalation				
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	180 mg/kg	Workers	Systemic	
	DNEL	Short term	174 mg/m ³	Consumers	Local	
		Inhalation		Concurrence	2000	
	DNEL	Short term	174 mg/m ³	Consumers	Systemic	
		Inhalation		Concurrence	oyotonno	
	DNEL	Long term	14.8 mg/m ³	Consumers	Systemic	
		Inhalation	i no mg/m	Concurrence	eyetenne	
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	108 mg/kg	Consumers	Systemic	
	DNEL	Long term Oral	1.6 mg/kg	Consumers	Systemic	
ethylbenzene	DNEL	Long term	77 mg/m ³	Workers	Systemic	
		Inhalation			eyetenne	
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	180 mg/kg	Workers	Systemic	
		Long toni Donia	bw/day		eyetenne	
	DNEL	Long term	15 mg/m ³	Consumers	Systemic	
		Inhalation	. eg.		e jetenne	
	DNEL	Long term Oral	1.6 mg/kg	Consumers	Systemic	
		Long tonn ortal	bw/day	Concurrence	eyetenne	
1-methoxy-2-propanol	DNEL	Short term	553.5 mg/	Workers	Local	
r metroxy 2 propertor		Inhalation	m ³		2000	
	DNEL	Short term	183 mg/kg	Workers	Systemic	
		Inhalation	bw/day		eyetenne	
	DNEL	Long term	369 mg/m ³	Workers	Systemic	
	DITE	Inhalation	ooo mg/m		Cyclonic	
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	183 mg/kg	Workers	Systemic	
	DIVLE	Long term Derma	bw/day	Workers	Cysternio	
	DNEL	Long term	43.9 mg/m ³	Consumers	Systemic	
		Inhalation	10.0 mg/m			
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	78 mg/kg	Consumers	Systemic	
		Long term Derma	bw/day	Consumers	Cysternie	
	DNEL	Long term Oral	33 mg/kg	Consumers	Systemic	
		Long term Oral	55 mg/kg	Consumers	Cysternic	

PNECs

Product/ingredient name	Compartment Detail	Value	Method Detail
xylene	Fresh water	0.327 mg/l	-
-	Marine water	0.327 mg/l	-
	Fresh water sediment	12.46 mg/kg	-
	Marine water sediment	12.46 mg/kg	-
	Soil	2.31 mg/kg	-
	Sewage Treatment Plant	6.58 mg/l	-
ethylbenzene	Fresh water	0.1 mg/l	-
-	Marine water	0.01 mg/l	-
	Fresh water sediment	13.7 mg/kg	-
	Marine water sediment	1.37 mg/kg	-
	Soil	2.68 mg/kg	-
	Sewage Treatment Plant	9.6 mg/l	-
1-methoxy-2-propanol	Fresh water	10 mg/l	-
	Marine water	1 mg/l	-
	Sewage Treatment Plant	100 mg/l	-
	Soil	4.59 mg/kg	-
	Fresh water sediment	52.3 mg/kg	-
	Marine water sediment	5.2 mg/kg	-

8.2 Exposure controls

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

Appropriate engineering controls	: Provide adequate ventilation. Where reasonably practicable, this should be achieved by the use of local exhaust ventilation and good general extraction. If these are not sufficient to maintain concentrations of particulates and solvent vapours below the OEL, suitable respiratory protection must be worn.
Individual protection measu	<u>ires</u>
Hygiene measures	: Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.
Eye/face protection	: Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: chemical splash goggles. Recommended: chemical splash goggles and/or face shield.
Skin protection	
Hand protection	 Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated. > 8 hours (breakthrough time): Recommended EN 374 polyvinyl alcohol (PVA) >= 0.7 mm 1 hour (breakthrough time): Conditionally suitable materials for protective gloves; EN 374: Nitrile rubber - NBR (>= 0.35 mm). Only suitable as splash protection. Only suitable for brief exposure. In the event of contamination, change protective gloves immediately. There is no one glove material or combination of materials that will give unlimited resistance to any individual or combination of chemicals. The breakthrough time must be greater than the end use time of the product. The instructions and information provided by the glove manufacturer on use, storage, maintenance and replacement must be followed. Gloves should be replaced regularly and if there is any sign of damage to the glove material. Always ensure that gloves are free from defects and that they are stored and used correctly. The performance or effectiveness of the glove may be reduced by physical/chemical damage and poor maintenance. Barrier creams may help to protect the exposed areas of the skin but should not be applied once exposure has occurred.
Body protection	 Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity, wear anti-static protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static discharges, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves. Refer to European Standard EN 1149 for further information on material and design requirements and test methods. Recommended: Cotton or cotton/synthetic overalls or coveralls are normally suitable.
Other skin protection	 Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.
Respiratory protection	: Based on the hazard and potential for exposure, select a respirator that meets the appropriate standard or certification. Respirators must be used according to a respiratory protection program to ensure proper fitting, training, and other important aspects of use. Recommended: EN 405:2001 + A1:2009 organic vapour (Type A) and particulate filter FFA2P3 R D
Environmental exposure controls	: Do not allow to enter drains or watercourses.
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SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Appearance

Appearance		
Physical state	:	Liquid.
Colour	:	Not available.
Odour	:	Not available.
Odour threshold	:	Not available.
рН	:	Not available.
Melting point/freezing point	:	Not available.
Initial boiling point and boiling range	:	>100°C
Flash point	1	Closed cup: 30°C
Evaporation rate	1	Not available.
Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits	:	Not available.
Vapour pressure	1	Not available.
Vapour density	:	Not available.
Relative density	:	0.947
Solubility(ies)	:	Insoluble in the following materials: cold water and hot water.
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/ water	:	Not available.
Auto-ignition temperature	1	Not available.
Decomposition temperature	:	Not available.
Viscosity	:	Not available.
Explosive properties	:	Not available.
Oxidising properties	1	Not available.

9.2 Other information

No additional information.

SECTION 10: Stabilit	у	and reactivity
10.1 Reactivity	:	No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.
10.2 Chemical stability	:	Stable under recommended storage and handling conditions (see Section 7).
10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions	:	Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.
10.4 Conditions to avoid	:	When exposed to high temperatures may produce hazardous decomposition products.
10.5 Incompatible materials	:	Keep away from the following materials to prevent strong exothermic reactions: oxidising agents, strong alkalis, strong acids.
10.6 Hazardous decomposition products	:	Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1 Information on toxicological effects

There are no data available on the mixture itself. The mixture has been assessed following the conventional method of the CLP Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 and is classified for toxicological properties accordingly. See Sections 2 and 3 for details.

Exposure to component solvent vapour concentrations in excess of the stated occupational exposure limit may result in adverse health effects such as mucous membrane and respiratory system irritation and adverse effects on the kidneys, liver and central nervous system. Symptoms and signs include headache, dizziness, fatigue, muscular weakness, drowsiness and, in extreme cases, loss of consciousness.

Solvents may cause some of the above effects by absorption through the skin. Repeated or prolonged contact with the mixture may cause removal of natural fat from the skin, resulting in non-allergic contact dermatitis and absorption through the skin.

If splashed in the eves, the liquid may cause irritation and reversible damage.

Ingestion may cause nausea, diarrhea and vomiting.

This takes into account, where known, delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects of components from short-term and long-term exposure by oral, inhalation and dermal routes of exposure and eye contact.

Contains 2-butanone oxime. May produce an allergic reaction.

Acute toxicity

Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
LC50 Inhalation Vapour	Rat	>10 mg/l	4 hours
LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>2000 mg/kg	-
LD50 Oral	Rat	>5000 mg/kg	-
LC50 Inhalation Vapour	Rat	27.6 mg/l	4 hours
LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>2000 mg/kg	-
LD50 Oral	Rat	>2000 mg/kg	-
LC50 Inhalation Vapour	Rat	>9.6 mg/l	4 hours
LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>15000 mg/kg	-
LD50 Oral	Rat	>3500 mg/kg	-
LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	2000 mg/kg	-
LD50 Oral	Rat	4016 mg/kg	-
LD50 Oral	Rat	>5000 mg/kg	-
LC50 Inhalation Vapour	Rat	>4.8 mg/l	4 hours
LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	1000 to 1800	-
		mg/kg	
LD50 Oral	Rat	3680 mg/kg	-
	LC50 Inhalation Vapour LD50 Dermal LD50 Oral LC50 Inhalation Vapour LD50 Dermal LD50 Oral LC50 Inhalation Vapour LD50 Dermal LD50 Oral LD50 Oral LD50 Oral LD50 Oral LD50 Oral LD50 Oral LD50 Inhalation Vapour LD50 Dermal	LC50 Inhalation VapourRatLD50 DermalRabbitLD50 OralRatLC50 Inhalation VapourRatLD50 DermalRabbitLD50 OralRatLD50 OralRatLD50 OralRatLD50 DermalRatLD50 DermalRatLD50 DermalRatLD50 DermalRatLD50 DermalRatLD50 OralRatLD50 OralRatLD50 OralRatLD50 OralRatLD50 OralRatLD50 OralRatLD50 OralRatLD50 OralRatLD50 DermalRatLD50 DermalRatLD50 DermalRatLD50 DermalRat	LC50 Inhalation VapourRat>10 mg/lLD50 DermalRabbit>2000 mg/kgLD50 OralRat>5000 mg/kgLC50 Inhalation VapourRat27.6 mg/lLD50 DermalRat2000 mg/kgLD50 OralRat>2000 mg/kgLD50 OralRat>2000 mg/kgLD50 DermalRat>2000 mg/kgLD50 OralRat>9.6 mg/lLD50 DermalRat>9.6 mg/lLD50 DermalRat>3500 mg/kgLD50 OralRat>3500 mg/kgLD50 OralRat4016 mg/kgLD50 OralRat>5000 mg/kgLD50 OralRat>4.8 mg/lLD50 DermalRat>4.8 mg/l <t< td=""></t<>

Acute toxicity estimates

Route	ATE value		
	8553.4 mg/kg 52.32 mg/l		

Irritation/Corrosion

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Score	Exposure	Observation
xylene	Skin - Mild irritant	Rat	-	8 hours 60 microliters	-
	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500 milligrams	-
	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	100 Percent	-
	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	87 milligrams	-
	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 5 milligrams	-
ethylbenzene	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	500 milligrams	-
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 15 milligrams	-
1-methoxy-2-propanol	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500	-
ate of issue/Date of revision	: 22/02/2018 Date of previo	ous issue : No	o previous va	alidation Versi	ion : 1.4 11/18

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	milligrams 500 milligrams	-
2-butanone oxime	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	100 microliters	-
Conclusion/Summary	: Not available.				
Sensitisation					
Conclusion/Summary	: Not available.				
Mutagenicity					
Conclusion/Summary	: Not available.				
Carcinogenicity					
Conclusion/Summary	: Not available.				
Reproductive toxicity					
Conclusion/Summary	: Not available.				
Teratogenicity					
Conclusion/Summary	: Not available.				
Specific target organ toxi	<u>city (single exposure)</u>				

Product/ingredient name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
Naphtha (petroleum), hydrodesulfurized heavy xylene	Category 3 Category 3	Not applicable. Not applicable.	Narcotic effects Respiratory tract irritation
1-methoxy-2-propanol 1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	Category 3 Category 3	Not applicable. Not applicable.	Narcotic effects Respiratory tract irritation

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Product/ingredient name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
	Category 2	Inhalation Not determined Not determined	Not determined Not determined hearing organs

Aspiration hazard

Product/ingredient name	Result
Naphtha (petroleum), hydrodesulfurized heavy	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
xylene	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
ethylbenzene	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1

Other information

: Not available.

SECTION 12: Ecological information

12.1 Toxicity

There are no data available on the mixture itself. Do not allow to enter drains or watercourses.

The mixture has been assessed following the summation method of the CLP Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 and is classified for eco-toxicological properties accordingly. See Sections 2 and 3 for details.

SECTION 12: Ecological information

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
Naphtha (petroleum),	EC50 >100 mg/l	Daphnia	48 hours
hydrodesulfurized heavy			
	LC50 >100 mg/l	Fish	96 hours
xylene	Acute EC50 1 to 10 mg/l	Algae	72 hours
	Acute EC50 1 to 10 mg/l	Daphnia - Daphnia magna	48 hours
	Acute LC50 1 to 10 mg/l	Fish	96 hours
ethylbenzene	Acute EC50 >1.8 mg/l	Daphnia - Daphnia magna	48 hours
-	Acute LC50 >10 mg/l	Fish - Pimephales promelas	96 hours
1-methoxy-2-propanol	Acute EC50 >1000 mg/l	Aquatic plants - Selenastrum	96 hours
		capricornutum	
	Acute EC50 >21000 mg/l	Daphnia - Daphnia magna	48 hours
	Acute LC50 6812 mg/l	Fish - Leuciscus idus	96 hours
1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	Acute EC50 1 to 10 mg/l	Fish	96 hours
2-butanone oxime	EC50 6.1 to 11.6 mg/l	Algae	72 hours
	LC50 750 mg/l	Daphnia	48 hours
	LC50 >100 mg/l	Fish	96 hours

Conclusion/Summary : Not available.

12.2 Persistence and degradability

Product/ingredient name	Test	Result		Dose	Inoculum
1-methoxy-2-propanol	OECD 301E 301E Ready Biodegradability - Modified OECD Screening Test	96 % - 28 days		-	-
Conclusion/Summary	: Not available.				
Product/ingredient name	Aquatic half-life		Photolysis	5	Biodegradability
1-methoxy-2-propanol	-		-		Readily

12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential
xylene	3.12	8.1 to 25.9	low
ethylbenzene	3.6	-	low
1-methoxy-2-propanol	<1	-	low
1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	3.63	243	low
2-butanone oxime	0.63	2.5 to 5.8	low

12.4 Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition	: Not available.
coefficient (Koc)	
Mobility	: Not available.

12.5 Results of PBT	and vPvB	assessment
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PBT	: Not applicable.
vPvB	: Not applicable.

12.6 Other adverse effects : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. The list of Identified Uses in Section 1 should be consulted for any available use-specific information provided in the Exposure Scenario(s).

13.1 Waste treatment methods

Product	
Methods of disposal	: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non- recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction.
Hazardous waste	: The classification of the product may meet the criteria for a hazardous waste.
Disposal considerations	: Do not allow to enter drains or watercourses. Dispose of according to all federal, state and local applicable regulations. If this product is mixed with other wastes, the original waste product code may no longer apply and the appropriate code should be assigned. For further information, contact your local waste authority.
Packaging	
Methods of disposal	: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible.
Disposal considerations	 Using information provided in this safety data sheet, advice should be obtained from the relevant waste authority on the classification of empty containers. Empty containers must be scrapped or reconditioned. Dispose of containers contaminated by the product in accordance with local or national legal provisions.
Type of packaging	European waste catalogue (EWC)
CEPE Paint Guidelines	15 01 10* packaging containing residues of or contaminated by hazardous substances
Special precautions	: This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Vapour from product residues may create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the container. Do not cut, weld or grind used containers unless they have been cleaned thoroughly internally. Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with

SECTION 14: Transport information

	ADR/RID	ADN	IMDG	IATA
14.1 UN number	UN1263	UN1263	UN1263	UN1263
14.2 UN proper shipping name	PAINT	PAINTPAINT	PAINT. Marine pollutant (Naphtha (petroleum), hydrodesulfurized heavy, 1,2, 4-trimethylbenzene)	Paint
14.3 Transport hazard class(es)		3		3
14.4 Packing group	111			111

soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

SECTION 14:	SECTION 14: Transport information					
14.5 Environmental hazards	Yes.	Yes.	Yes.	Yes. The environmentally hazardous substance mark is not required.		
Additional information	The environmentally hazardous substance mark is not required when transported in sizes of ≤5 L or ≤5 kg. Hazard identification number 30 Limited quantity LQ7 Special provisions 163 640E 650 Tunnel code (D/E)	The environmentally hazardous substance mark is not required when transported in sizes of ≤5 L or ≤5 kg. Special provisions 163 640E 650	The marine pollutant mark is not required when transported in sizes of ≤5 L or ≤5 kg. Emergency schedules (EmS) F-E, _S-E_ Special provisions 163, 223, 955	The environmentally hazardous substance mark may appear if required by other transportation regulations. Passenger and Cargo Aircraft Quantity limitation: 60 L Packaging instructions: 309 Cargo Aircraft Only Quantity limitation: 220 L Packaging instructions: 310 Limited Quantities - Passenger Aircraft Quantity limitation: 10 L Packaging instructions: Y309 Special provisions A3, A72		

14.6 Special precautions for user: **Transport within user's premises:** always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

14.7 Transport in bulk: Not applicable.according to Annex II of
Marpol and the IBC Code

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture EU Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH) Annex XIV - List of substances subject to authorisation **Annex XIV** None of the components are listed. Substances of very high concern None of the components are listed. Annex XVII - Restrictions : Not applicable. on the manufacture, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances, mixtures and articles **Other EU regulations** VOC : The provisions of Directive 2004/42/EC on VOC apply to this product. Refer to the product label and/or technical data sheet for further information.

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

Europe inventory	: All components are listed or exempted.			
Product/ingredient name	Carcinogenic effects	Mutagenic effects	Developmental effects	Fertility effects
2-butanone oxime	Carc. 2, H351	-	-	-

Ozone depleting substances (1005/2009/EU)

Not listed.

Prior Informed Consent (PIC) (649/2012/EU)

Not listed.

Seveso Directive

This product may add to the calculation for determining whether a site is within the scope of the Seveso Directive on major accident hazards.

Industrial use

: The information contained in this safety data sheet does not constitute the user's own assessment of workplace risks, as required by other health and safety legislation. The provisions of the national health and safety at work regulations apply to the use of this product at work.

International regulations

Chemical Weapon Convention List Schedules I, II & III Chemicals Not listed.

Not noted.

Montreal Protocol (Annexes A, B, C, E)

Not listed.

Stockholm Convention on Persistent Organic Pollutants

Not listed.

Rotterdam Convention on Prior Informed Consent (PIC)

Not listed.

UNECE Aarhus Protocol on POPs and Heavy Metals

Not listed.

International lists

National inventory	
Australia	: All components are listed or exempted.
Canada	: All components are listed or exempted.
China	: At least one component is not listed.
Japan	: Japan inventory (ENCS): All components are listed or exempted. Japan inventory (ISHL): Not determined.
Malaysia	: Not determined.
New Zealand	: All components are listed or exempted.
Philippines	: All components are listed or exempted.
Republic of Korea	: All components are listed or exempted.
Taiwan	: All components are listed or exempted.
Turkey	: Not determined.
United States	: All components are listed or exempted.
15.2 Chemical safety assessment	: No Chemical Safety Assessment has been carried out.

SECTION 16: Other information

CEPE code

: 1

Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

Abbreviations and acronyms	 ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate CLP = Classification, Labelling and Packaging Regulation [Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008]
	DMEL = Derived Minimal Effect Level
	DNEL = Derived No Effect Level
	EUH statement = CLP-specific Hazard statement
	PBT = Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic
	PNEC = Predicted No Effect Concentration
	RRN = REACH Registration Number
	vPvB = Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative

Procedure used to derive the classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP/GHS]

Classification	Justification	
Flam. Lig. 3, H226	On basis of test data	
Skin Irrit. 2, H315	Calculation method	
Eye Irrit. 2, H319	Calculation method	
STOT SE 3, H336	Calculation method	
STOT RE 1, H372	Calculation method	
Aquatic Chronic 2, H411	Calculation method	

Full text of abbreviated H statements

H225	Highly flammable liquid and vapour.
H226	Flammable liquid and vapour.
H304	May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.
H312	Harmful in contact with skin.
H312 (dermal)	Harmful in contact with skin.
H315	Causes skin irritation.
H317	May cause an allergic skin reaction.
H318	Causes serious eye damage.
H319	Causes serious eye irritation.
H332 (inhalation)	Harmful if inhaled.
H335	
	May cause respiratory irritation.
H336	May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
H351	Suspected of causing cancer.
H372	Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated
	exposure.
H372 (inhalation)	Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated
	exposure if inhaled.
H373	May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated
	exposure.
H373 (hearing organs)	May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated
	exposure. (hearing organs)
H411	Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
H412	Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
Full taxt of close if is stigned ICL D/CHC	

Full text of classifications [CLP/GHS]

Acute Tox. 4, H312	ACUTE TOXICITY (dermal) - Category 4
Acute Tox. 4, H332	ACUTE TOXICITY (inhalation) - Category 4
Aquatic Chronic 2, H411	LONG-TERM AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 2
Aquatic Chronic 3, H412	LONG-TERM AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 3
Asp. Tox. 1, H304	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
Carc. 2, H351	CARCINOGENICITY - Category 2
EUH066	Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.
Eye Dam. 1, H318	SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/EYE IRRITATION - Category 1
Eye Irrit. 2, H319	SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/EYE IRRITATION - Category 2
Flam. Liq. 2, H225	FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 2
Flam. Liq. 3, H226	FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3
Skin Irrit. 2, H315	SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 2
Skin Sens. 1, H317	SKIN SENSITISATION - Category 1

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: No previous validation

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SECTION 16: Other information	
STOT RE 1, H372	SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY - REPEATED
	EXPOSURE - Category 1
STOT RE 1, H372 (inhalation)	SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY - REPEATED
	EXPOSURE (inhalation) - Category 1
STOT RE 2, H373	SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY - REPEATED
	EXPOSURE - Category 2
STOT RE 2, H373 (hearing organs)	SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY - REPEATED
	EXPOSURE (hearing organs) - Category 2
STOT SE 3, H335	SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY - SINGLE EXPOSURE
	(Respiratory tract irritation) - Category 3
STOT SE 3, H336	SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY - SINGLE EXPOSURE
	(Narcotic effects) - Category 3

Full text of abbreviated R phrases

R11- Highly flammable.

R10- Flammable.

R40- Limited evidence of a carcinogenic effect.

R20- Harmful by inhalation.

R21- Harmful in contact with skin.

R20/21- Harmful by inhalation and in contact with skin.

R48/20- Harmful: danger of serious damage to health by prolonged exposure through inhalation.

R65- Harmful: may cause lung damage if swallowed.

R41- Risk of serious damage to eyes.

R38- Irritating to skin.

R36/37/38- Irritating to eyes, respiratory system and skin.

R43- May cause sensitisation by skin contact.

R66- Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.

R67- Vapours may cause drowsiness and dizziness.

R51/53- Toxic to aquatic organisms, may cause long-term adverse effects in the aquatic environment.

Full text of classifications [DSD/DPD]

F - Highly flammable Carc. Cat. 3 - Carcinogen ca Xn - Harmful Xi - Irritant	
N - Dangerous for the enviro	onment
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Notice to reader

The information in this Safety Data Sheet is based on the present state of knowledge and current legislation. It provides guidance on health, safety and environmental aspects of the product and should not be construed as any guarantee of technical performance or suitability for particular applications. The product should not be used for purposes other than those shown in Section 1 without first referring to the supplier and obtaining written handling instructions. As the specific conditions of use of the product are outside the supplier's control, the user is responsible for ensuring that the requirements of relevant legislation are complied with. The information contained in this safety data sheet does not constitute the user's own assessment of workplace risks, as required by other health and safety legislation.